

AFTERCARE INSTRUCTIONS

Cistern

Do not introduce caustic chemical substances (e.g containing chlorine compounds or similar) as these may damage the valve components and cause failure.

Seat

When using chlorine-based cleaners to clean the pan bowl, ensure that these do not come into contact with the seat. Keep the seat and cover in an upright position during cleaning to avoid discolouration of surfaces or rusting of metal parts.

Do not stand on the lid or toilet seat; this may damage it.

For spares, installation advice or other queries please contact customer services.

CUSTOMER SERVICE

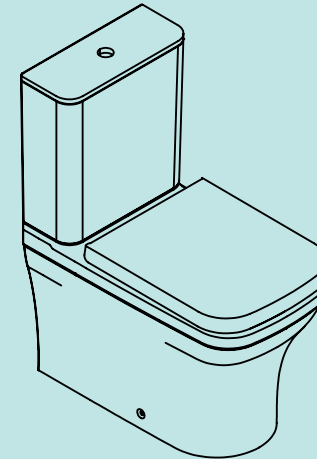
t: +44(0)208 686 5100
e: technical@saneux.com

Iain Stewart Centre, Beehive
Ring Road, Gatwick, RH6 0PB

www.saneux.com

INDIGO

INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS



INDCCO1 - INDCCO1.L -
INDCCO1.R - INDICIO1

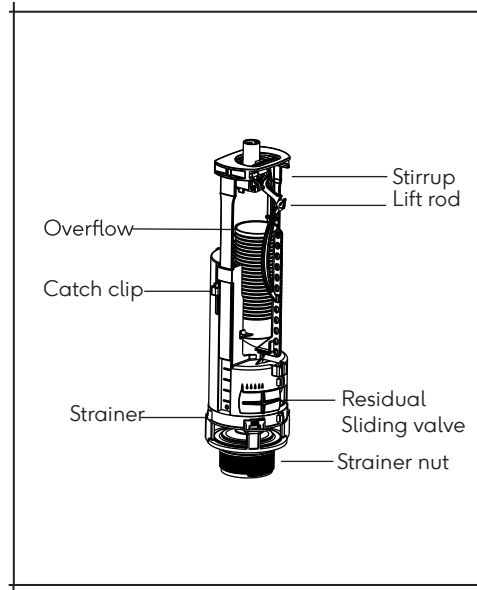
saneux

Prior to installation flush out any impurities in the cistern.
Ensure that you have all components present before installation.

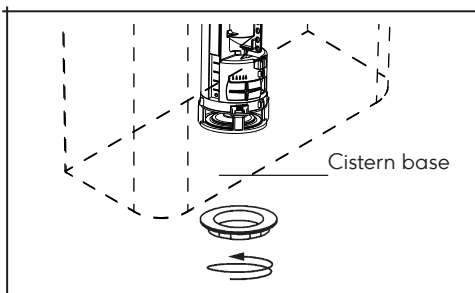
Installing the flush valve

Check that the height of the valve suits the internal height of the cistern so that the button can be installed on the lid and connected to the valve. If the height is not right, adjust the stirrup with the following steps.

1. Unclip the lift rod.
2. Remove the stirrup by pressing on the two catch clips.
3. Cut the overflow, if necessary according to the table below.
4. Reposition the stirrup in its seat and slide it to the required position (desired setting notch number visible).
5. Clip lift rod back into the hole of the overflow which has the same number as that of the setting notch.
6. Unscrew the strainer nut.



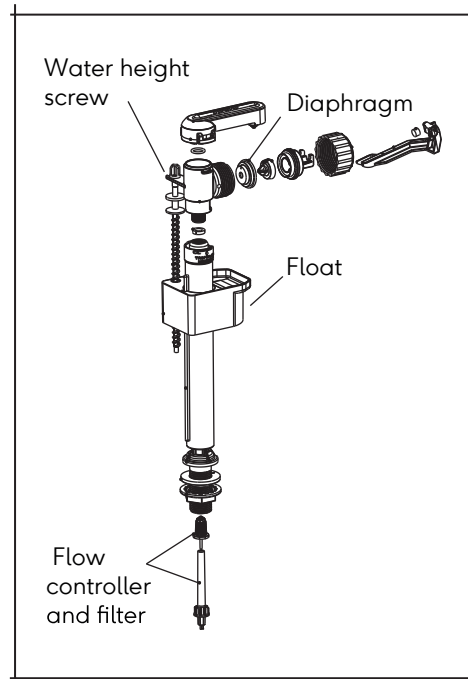
Stirrup notch	Cut on overflow tube
3	C mark visible
2	F mark visible
1	I mark visible
Mini	L mark visible



1. Install the flush valve

Position the mechanism in the cistern and secure it with the strainer nut. Tighten by hand, and if necessary give an extra quarter turn with a spanner.

Do not over tighten as this can damage the mechanism.



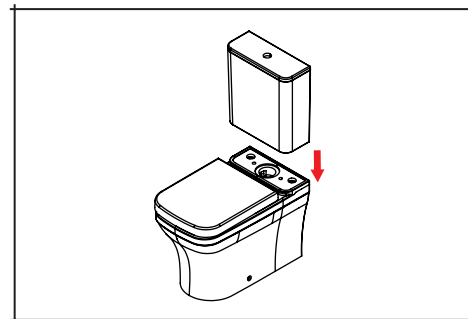
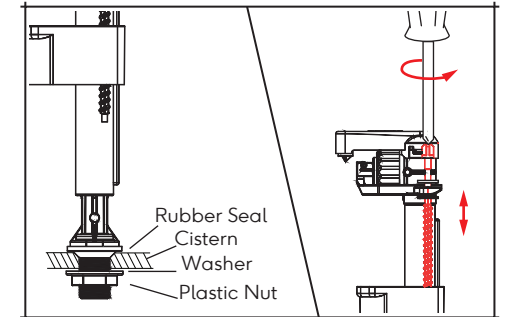
2. Inspect the fill valve

Check that the key components in the valve, shown in the diagram are present and operational. The diaphragm should be free of any debris.

The flow controller and filter should be included. The float should move up and down without any restriction. The water height screw should be smooth when tightened with a screw driver from the top.

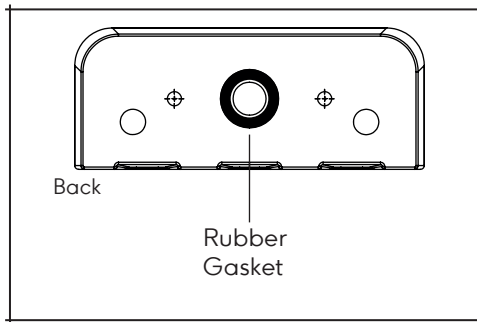
Wash the diaphragm before installation to ensure there are no impurities in the valve from the factory tests.

3. Install the fill valve to the cistern using the rubber seal and plastic nut. Ensure the float cup has room to move up and down freely. The fill valve comes factory set to a height suitable for the cistern. If the fill valve requires adjustment, turn the screw at the top to adjust the water level.



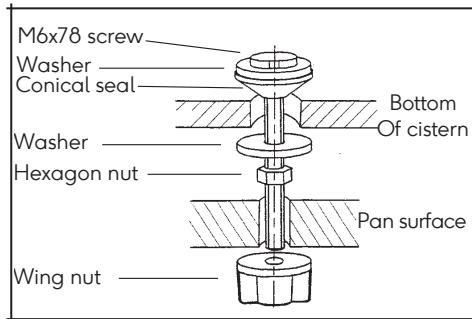
4.

Once the flush valve and fill valve are installed and (if necessary) correctly adjusted the cistern can be fitted to the pan.

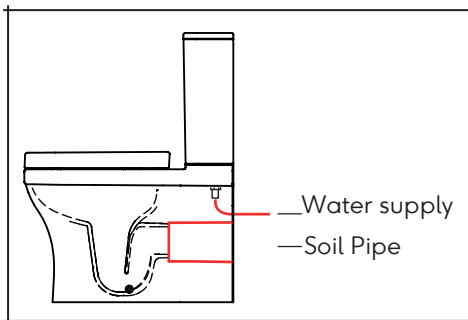


5. Fit the rubber gasket around the flush valve outlet on the underside of the cistern. The gasket should be correctly aligned with the thread of the flush valve to ensure there is no leakage.

7. Fix the screws at the bottom of the cistern. Proceed to position the cistern on the bowl and secure it with the wing nuts. **At this point, fill the cistern up and check that there are no leaks between the cistern and pan.**



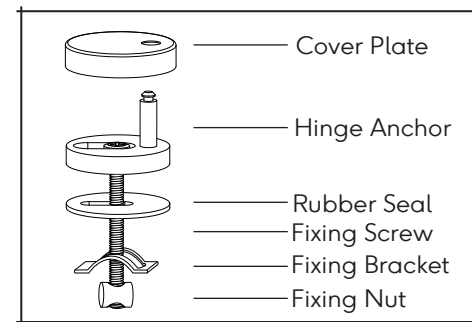
8. Connect the soil pipe and ensure it is adequately fitted around the pan outlet to prevent leakage. Connect the water supply to the fill valve, ensuring to install an isolating valve. **Test the system, adjusting the tightness of the isolating valve as required.**



IMPORTANT

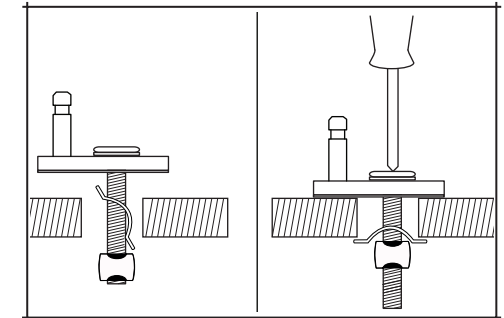
Do not over-tighten the supply to the inlet valve as this could damage the inlet valve causing leakage. After connecting the water supply to the inlet valve check that all components do not touch the internal walls of the cistern and that the float can freely move up and down. Check all connections are secure and a soil pipe is correctly fitted before testing the flush.

Installing the Seat

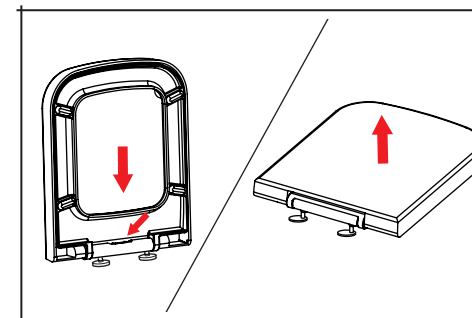


9. The following steps cover the Saneux 70112 Toilet seat. For other seats, follow the manufacturer's instructions. Make sure all the components are present.

10. Assembly and push the fixing screw, bracket and nut through the seat fixing holes in the pan, as shown in the diagram. Ensure all components are in the correct order. Tighten the screw lightly with a screw driver to secure the hinge anchor in place.



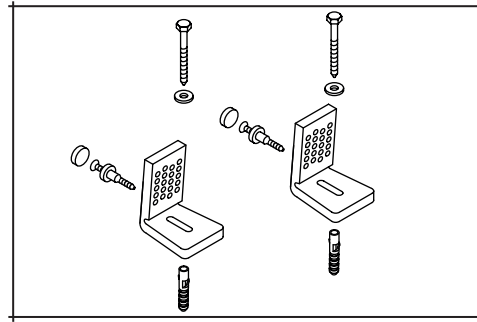
11. Align and locate the seat hinge on the hinge anchors and press down until the seat is parallel with the pan. Adjust the position of the seat so that it lines up with the edges of the pan. When you are satisfied that the seat is in the correct position, remove the seat from the hinge anchors by pressing the middle button on the seat hinge. Tighten the screws fully and place the stainless steel cover plates on the hinge anchors. From the upright position, allow the seat to close on its own and check that the soft closing action is working correctly.



Fixing the Pan

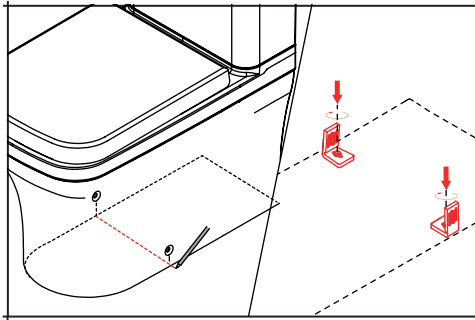
12.

Make sure all the components are present as per the diagram



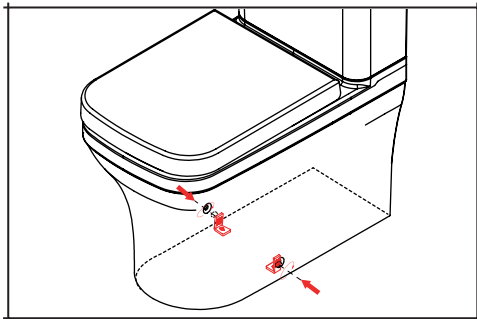
13.

With the pan in its position, mark the location of the holes on the floor. Measure the ceramic thickness on of the pan and mark the approximate location of the floor fixings. Drill a hole on the ground and locate the plugs so that they are flush with the ground surface. Tighten the floor fixings.



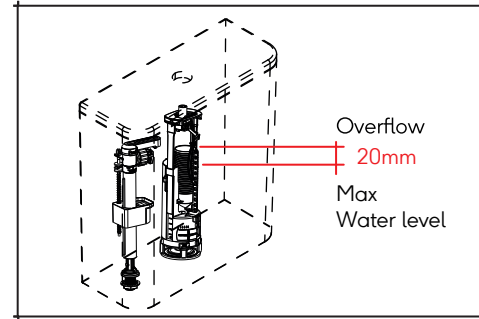
14.

Check that the back of the pan is flush with the wall. Remove the pan and further tighten the floor fixings. Return the pan to the desired location and secure the screws to the floor fixings through the holes on the sides of the pan. Place the cover caps on the side holes.



NOTE: At this point it is recommended that the cistern is fixed to the wall. To do this fix a screw through the fixing hole in the back of the cistern. Check that this does not cause leakage between the cistern and the pan.

SANEUX | TECHNICAL



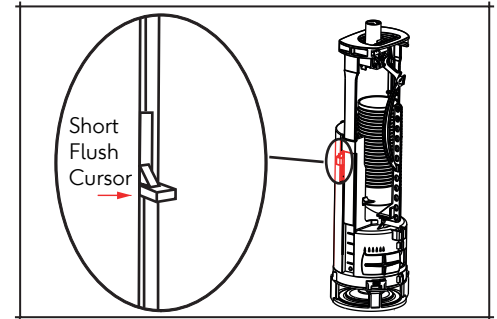
15.

After having connected the fill valve to the water supply, open the water flow and check the flushing. If necessary, adjust the fill valve or flush valve accordingly.

NOTE: The maximum water level should be 20mm lower than the overflow pipe.

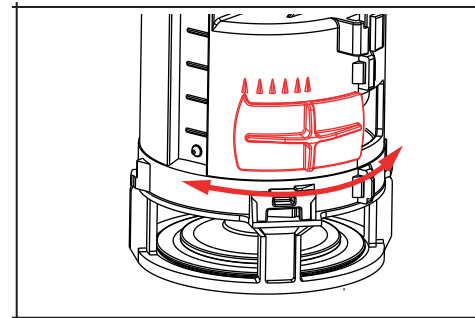
16.

To adjust the water level of the short flush, slide the cursor along. Immerse the cursor by 40mm. The closer the cursor is to 18, the more water will be flushed.



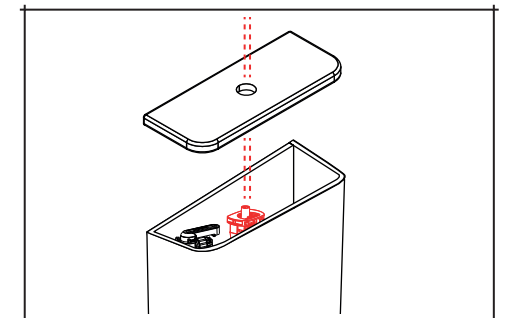
17.

In some cases, the residual water level (amount of water remaining after the long flush) must be increased to ensure more efficient cleaning. To do this, move the sliding valve to the left (the more it is open, the more the residual water increases).



18.

Once the set-up has been completed, install the cistern lid. Position the button on the lid and screw clockwise until tight, making sure that it engages the flush valve correctly.



ISSUE	POTENTIAL REASON	SOLUTION
Water is leaking out of the cistern into the pan or onto the floor.	If continuously leaking regardless of flush, the back nut is likely loose.	Check and tighten back nuts, ensuring the donut seal is correctly installed.
	Only leaks during flush then donut seal between WC and cistern is leaking.	Remove cistern and check donut seal, use a new donut seal and ensure it is correctly installed.
	Securing bolts/seals may be leaking.	Check seals, tighten or replace bolt set.
Not enough water is being flushed.	The flush adjust slide is set incorrectly - Low flush volume.	Full flush: Adjust residual water level to increase the flush volume.
	The fill valve is not filling to a suitable height.	Adjust fill valve to increase height and water level.
Cistern fills up too slowly.	Debris around diaphragm.	Isolate water supply. Remove cap (1/8 turn counter-clockwise). Remove diaphragm and clean in water or replace.
	Insufficient water supply/-flow pressure.	Open isolation valves fully, inspect system and pipework.
	Valve assembly is jammed.	Ensure the float adjustment screw and attached components are free to move vertically.
	Flow controller & filter blocked.	Isolate and disconnect from water supply. Remove flow controller and filter from the base of the inlet valve and clean.
Water is continually running into WC.	The back nut has not been tightened and is leaking.	Check back nut, tighten if loose, replace if damaged.
	Cistern water level is too high and is overflowing.	Adjust fill valve so the water level stays below the overflow.
	Fill valve is faulty and not shutting off.	Service or replace inlet valve.

INSTALLATION NOTES
